## Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics 1997, pages 68, 69

Table 1.64

Method of selection and length of initial and retention terms of the highest appellate court justices

By State, as of June 1, 1998

	Init	tial selection	Retention	
State	Method <sup>a</sup>	Term	Method	Term (in years)
Alabama	Partisan election	6 years	Partisan election	6
Naska	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	10
	•	but not less than 3 years		
Arizona	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	6
	rterimating certification	but not less than 2 years	Trotomion ologion	ŭ
	Dortions election		Destinen election	8
rkansas	Partisan election	8 years	Partisan election	
alifornia	Appointed by governor	Until next general election	Retention election	12
Colorado	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	10
		but not less than 2 years		
Connecticut <sup>b</sup>	Judicial selection commission	8 years	Commission reviews, governor renom-	8
ooo.lout		,,,,,,	inates, legislature reappoints	
Delaware	Nominating commission	12 years	Reappointment by governor	12
istrict of Columbia <sup>c</sup>	Nominating commission	15 years	Reappointment by judicial tenure	15
			committee or President	
Florida	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	6
		but not less than 1 year		
ieorgia	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
awaii	Nominating commission	10 years	Reappointment by commission	10
laho	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
linois	Partisan election	10 years	Retention election	10
ndiana	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	10
		but not less than 2 years		
owa	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	8
	ŭ	but not less than 1 year		
Kansas	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	6
various	Norminating commission	but not less than 1 year	retention election	U
/anticalis		,	No. 10 at 10	
entucky	Nonpartisan election	8 years	Nonpartisan election	8
ouisiana	Partisan election <sup>a</sup>	10 years	Partisan election <sup>d</sup>	10
laine	Appointed by governor	7 years	Reappointment by governor	7
1aryland <sup>e</sup>	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	10
iai yiai ia	3	but not less than 1 year		
1assachusetts	Nominating commission	To age 70	X	Х
lichigan	Nonpartisan election	8 years	Nonpartisan election	8
finnesota	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
/lississippi	Nonpartisan election	8 years	Nonpartisan election	8
1issouri	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	12
	•	but not less than 1 year		
Montana	Nonpartisan election	8 years	Nonpartisan election, but if	8
	Honpartican election	o years	unopposed, retention election	o
lahuaalta	Manager of the second section	Hattle and an analytication		•
Nebraska	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	6
		but not less than 3 years		
levada	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
lew Hampshire	Appointed by governor <sup>f</sup>	To age 70	X	X
lew Jersey	Appointed by governor	7 years	Reappointment by governor	To age 7
lew Mexico	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Partisan election the first time; after that,	8
TOW INICAIDO	Northinading Commission	Ontil flext general election		U
			winner runs in retention election	
lew York <sup>e</sup>	Nominating commission	14 years	Reappointment by governor	14
orth Carolina	Partisan election	8 years	Partisan election	8
orth Dakota	Nonpartisan election	10 years	Nonpartisan election	10
hio	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
)klahoma <sup>g</sup>	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	6
manuna	140mmating continuesion		ACIGITION GIGOROTI	U
	Name attack of 12	but not less than 1 year	Managettan destina	_
Pregon	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
'ennsylvania	Partisan election	10 years	Retention election	10
thode Island	Nominating commission	Life tenure	X	X
outh Carolina	Nominating commission <sup>h</sup>	10 years	Election by legislature	10
outh Dakota	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	8
		but not less than 3 years		J
ennessee	Nomination commission		Detection election	0
emessee	Nominating commission	Until the biennial general election	Retention election	8
		but not less than 30 days		
exas <sup>g</sup>	Partisan election	6 years	Partisan election	6
Jtah	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	10
	<b>5</b>	but not less than 3 years		
ermont	Nominating commission	6 years	Retained by vote in general assembly	6
irginia	Elected by legislature	12 years	Election by legislature	12
Vashington	Nonpartisan election	6 years	Nonpartisan election	6
lest Virginia	Partisan election	12 years	Partisan election	12
Visconsin	Nonpartisan election	10 years	Nonpartisan election	10
Vyoming	Nominating commission	Until next general election	Retention election	8

See notes on next page.

## Method of selection and length of initial and retention terms of the highest appellate court justices

By State, as of June 1, 1998--Continued

Note: These data were compiled through a survey of State statutes; they were then verified by personnel of the American Judicature Society.

"Initial selection" is defined as the constitutional or statutory method by which judges are selected for a full term of office. "Retention" refers to the method used to select judges for subsequent terms of office. "Partisan election" refers to elections in which the judicial candidates' names appear on the ballot with their respective party labels; "non-partisan election" refers to the situation when no party labels are attached to judicial candidates' names on the ballot. "Retention election" refers to an election in which a judge runs unopposed on the ballot and the electorate votes solely on the question of the judge's continuation in office. In the retention election, the judge must win a majority of the vote in order to serve a full term, except in Illinois which requires 60%. "Nominating commission" is a merit selection procedure that refers to the nonpartisan body, composed of lawyers and nonlawyers, which actively recruits, screens, and nominates prospective judicial candidates to the executive for appointment. The nominating commission method of selection was established by executive order in Delaware, Maryland, and Massachusetts and by constitutional or statutory authority in all other jurisdictions.

 $^{\rm a}{\rm ln}$  States that use nominating commissions, the governor generally makes the appointment.

<sup>b</sup>The judicial selection commission submits a list of prospective judges to the governor who nominates one to fill a vacancy. The legislature then votes to approve or disapprove that nomination.

<sup>c</sup>Initial appointment is made by the President of the United States and confirmed by the Senate. If the President does not wish to reappoint the judge, the District of Columbia Nomination Commission compiles a new list of candidates.

dAlthough party affiliation of judicial candidates appears on ballots, judicial primaries are open. This gives judicial elections a nonpartisan character.
 eThe highest State court is named the Court of Appeals.

<sup>f</sup>The appointment requires the approval of the elected executive council.

<sup>9</sup>Oklahoma and Texas have two courts of final jurisdiction: the supreme court, which has final civil jurisdiction; and the court of criminal appeals, which has final criminal jurisdiction. 
<sup>h</sup>The Judicial Merit Selection Commission was established on July 1, 1997. The commission screens and then recommends a list of three judicial candidates to the legislature. 
The legislature votes only on the list submitted by the commission. If all candidates on the list are rejected, the process begins again with the commission.

Source: American Judicature Society, *Judicial Selection in the United States: A Compendium of Provisions*, 2nd edition (Chicago: American Judicature Society, 1993); and data provided by the American Judicature Society. Reprinted by permission.